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NTIS 85-0011
FWS/OBS-82/47.1

MAP E15

Gainesville

FLORIDA ECOLOGICAL ATLAS

HYDROLOGY AND CLIMATOLOGY

ORIGINAL

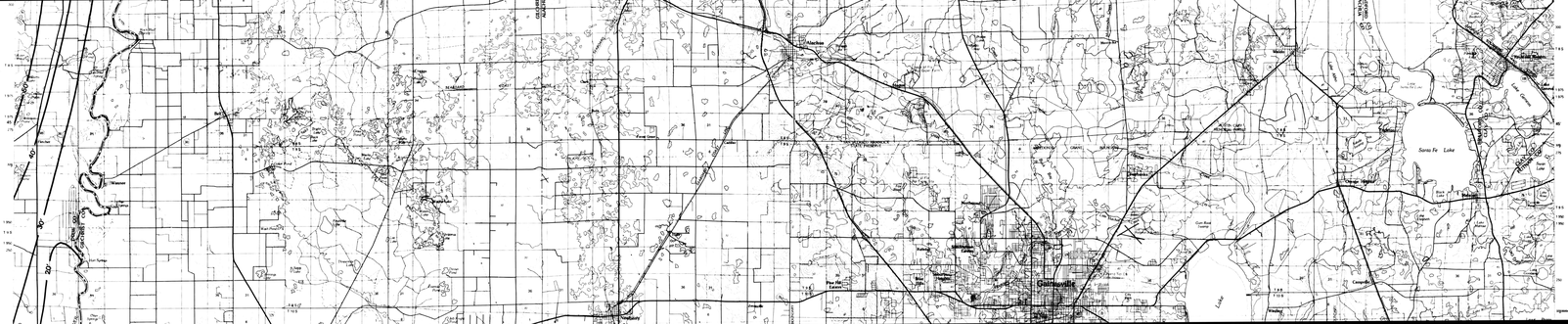
Scale 1:100 000

TOPICAL MAPS IN THIS ATLAS:
A. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES
B. SOCIOECONOMIC FEATURES
C. SOILS AND LANDFORMS
D. OIL, GAS AND MINERALS
E. HYDROLOGY AND CLIMATOLOGY

1984

Produced by U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Minerals Management Service

Projection and 10,000 meter grid, zone 17: Universal Transverse Mercator
20,000-foot grid ticks based on Florida coordinate system, west zone



Produced by U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Minerals Management Service

Projection and 10,000 meter grid, zone 17: Universal Transverse Mercator
10,000-foot ticks: Florida coordinate system, east zone

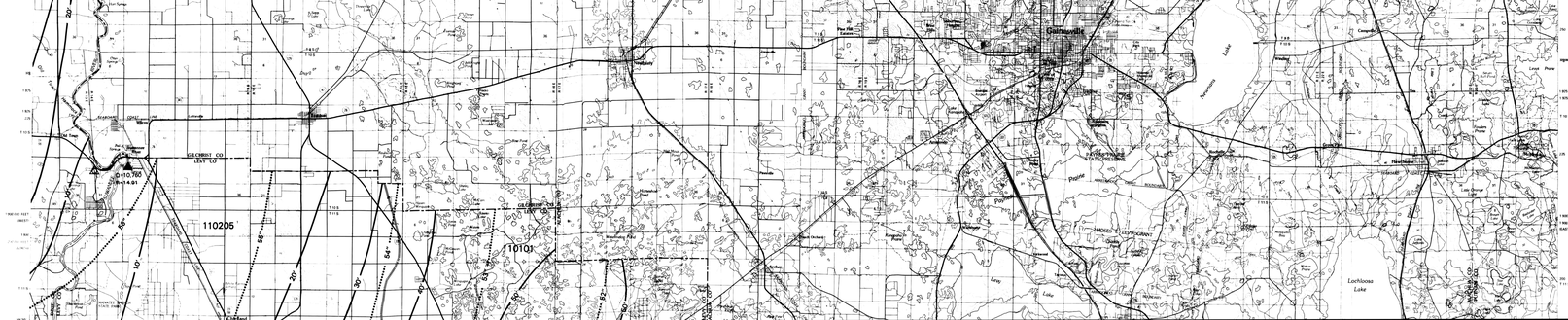
Overlay material compiled in 1983 from latest available data obtained from Federal, State and Local government agencies and other sources.

—50— POTENTIOMETRIC CONTOURS OF THE FLORIDAN AQUIFER
The map represents dry season water levels (greatest depth to water) during May of 1980. The contour interval is 5 and 10 feet. Contour lines have been modified from those of the predevelopment water level measurement and variable well depth.
Groundwater flow is down-gradient from potentiometric highs and perpendicular to potentiometric contours.
(Measured in feet above mean sea level)

----52---- MEAN ANNUAL (ESHYTAL (RAINFALL) CONTOURS
(1951-1980 National Weather Service Normal Basis Period)
The contour interval is 1.0" (inter is narrative for rainfall-industrial maps and for hand evaluation.

6 NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE 30 YEAR CLIMATOLOGICAL STATION
(Number in the box on map refers to station name in supplemental legend

WIND ROSE STATION



(1951-1980) National Weather Service Normal Data Period.

Wind speed in knots (1 kt = 1.15 mph) is necessary for meaningful isotach maps and for trend evaluation).

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE 30-YEAR CLIMATOLOGICAL STATION

Station in the text may refer to station name in supplemental legend

WIND ROSE STATION

Concentric circles represent 5% frequency increments. The average wind speed (mph) is listed in the outer quadrant of each vector direction. Wind rose data is derived from the data that has been summarized by the National Climatic Center for Airports, Naval Air Stations and NWS Offices)

OFFSHORE SURFACE CURRENT ROSE

Resultant vectors for each season are shown. The magnitude of each vector is proportional to the velocity. (Concentric circles represent 3 knot increments). Current rose data station defined by the Rose England Coastal Engineers Computer Model G.A.L.

S	Spring
SU	Summer
FW	Fall/Winter

HURRICANE INUNDATION ZONES

Maximum areas subject to flooding by Storm Category, as defined by National Weather Service Hurricane Intensity Scale.

Category #1 Storm (74-95 mph winds; probability of occurence none)

Category #2 Storm (96-110 mph winds; probability of occurence none)

Category #3 Storm (111-130 mph winds; probability of occurence none)

Category #4 Storm (131-155 mph winds; probability of occurence none)

Category #5 Storm (> 155 mph winds; probability of occurence as historical record)

Hurricane inundation zones on this map represent generalized areas of maximum land inundation. The boundaries are shown at a scale and detail of this map are meant for planning purposes only. This map is unsuitable for determining the vulnerability of individual buildings to storm surge)

THE FLORIDA ECOLOGICAL ATLAS WAS PRODUCED BY THE U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE'S DIVISION OF ECOLOGICAL SERVICES, NATIONAL COASTAL ECOSYSTEMS TEAM, TO ASSIST FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, PRIVATE CITIZENS, PLANNERS, DECISION MAKERS, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC TO DETERMINE AND EVALUATE THE IMPACTS OF PROPOSED LAND AND WATER USE ACTIVITIES ON FISH AND WILDLIFE RESOURCES AND THE MAINTENANCE OF ECOLOGICAL DIVERSITY. THE STUDY AREA INCLUDES THE COASTAL COUNTIES: ESCAMBIA, SANTA ROSA, OKALOOSA, WALTON, BAY, GULF, FRANKLIN, WAKULLA, LEON, JEFFERSON, TAYLOR, DIXIE, LEVY, CITRUS AND HERNANDO AND EXTENDS APPROXIMATELY 20 MILES INLAND. THE ATLAS CONSISTS OF A SERIES OF MAPS OR PRODUCTS OF THIS STUDY. TO DEFINE THE LIMITS OF PROPERTIES? ESTABLISH LAND USE CLASSES? OR TO DETERMINE THE PRECISE LOCATION OF THE GEOGRAPHICAL SCOPE OF THE REGULATORY PROGRAMS OF CERTAINMENT AGENCIES

THIS MAP HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCE MATERIALS INCLUDING MAPS, AERIAL PHOTOS, AND REPORTS. SINCE MANY SOURCES CONTAIN INFORMATION AT DIFFERENT SCALES, THERE MAY BE UNSPECIFIED FEATURES. THE USER SHOULD NOT RELY ON THESE MAPS FOR PRECISE MEASUREMENTS OF DISTANCES OR AREAS

PRIMARY SOURCES OF MAPPED INFORMATION:

HYDROLOGY: Potentiometric Surface of the Floridan Aquifer, Northwestern Florida and Adjacent Areas in Alabama, Tallahassee, Florida, 1980

Water Resources of the Floridan Aquifer, Northwestern Florida Water Management District, Low Oak, Florida, 1980

Water Resources Atlas of the Floridan Aquifer, Southwest Florida Water Management District, Brooksville, Florida, 1980

Effects of Hurricane Surges from Hurricanes Elena, Kate, Kenna, Florida, 1985

Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Florida, Various Maps and Dates, 1978

Water Resources Data for Florida, U.S. Geological Survey, Tallahassee, Florida, 1979, 1980

Water Quality Inventory for the State of Florida, 1982, Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, Florida, 1982

Shore Protection Manual, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Coastal Engineering Research Center, Washington, D.C., 1984

CLIMATOLOGY: National Climatic Center, Asheville, North Carolina, 1981

FOR COMPLETE REFERENCES SEE MAP NARRATIVE

CLIMATOLOGICAL STATION NAMES

1. Pensacola FAA Airport
2. Milton Experimental Station
3. Crestview FAA Airport
4. De Funiak Springs
5. Chipley
6. Chipley 3 E
7. Panama City NE
8. Youmanstown
9. Apalachicola Airport
10. St. Marks 3 SSE
11. Wakulla 3 W
12. St. Marks 2 NW
13. Tallahassee
14. Brooksville Chinsegut Hill

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY HYDROLOGIC UNIT BOUNDARIES (Cont'd)

Coastal Area between Ochlockonee and Apalachicola Rivers (13020103)
Ochlockonee River Basin (13030002)
Big Bend Coastal Area (13030101)
Coastal Area between Aucilla and Ochlockonee Rivers (13030101)
Aucilla River Basin (13030102)
Coastal Area between Suwannee and Aucilla Rivers (13030101)
Suwannee River Basin below Withlacoochee River excluding Santa Fe River Basin (11020005)
Withlacoochee River Basin (11020004)
between Withlacoochee and Suwannee Rivers (11010101)
Chiefland River Basin (03011502)
Withlacoochee River Basin (13020206)
Withlacoochee River Basin (13030001)
Withlacoochee River (13020201)

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY STREAM GAGING STATION

Mean Annual Discharge
Incidn Year(-reserved) = Q
Mean Annual Runoff
(inches/year) = R

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY STREAM GAGE AND SURFACE WATER QUALITY STATION

Mean Annual Surface Water
Incidn Year(-reserved) = SC
Mean Annual Discharge
Incidn Year(-reserved) = Q
Mean Annual Runoff
(inches/year) = R

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION FIXED SURFACE WATER STATION

Specific Conductance (micromhos) = SC
Dissolved Chloride (milligrams/liter) = Cl

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY GROUND WATER OBSERVATION AND WATER QUALITY WELL

Specific Conductance (micromhos) = SC
Dissolved Chloride (milligrams/liter) = Cl

MEAN ANNUAL COASTAL SALINITY

(parts per thousand) = S

STUDY AREA BOUNDARY

Offshore

Inland (County)

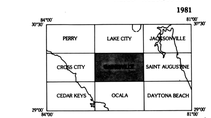
Inland (State)

Category #5 Storm (= 155 mph winds; probabilities of occurrence are historical record) Hurricane evacuation zones on this map represent generalized areas of maximum wind storm surge flooding by storm category. The scale and detail of this map are meant for planning purposes only. This map is not recommended for determining evacuability of individual buildings in storm surge!

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY HYDROLOGIC UNIT BOUNDARIES

Perdido River Basin (14140106)
Perdido Bay, Inflow and Coastal Area (14010101)
Pensacola Bay, Inflow and Coastal Area (14010102)
Escambia River Basin (14140104)
Blackwater River Basin (14140106)
Yellow River Basin, Headwater Area (14140105)
Yellow River Basin (14010103)
Choctawhatchee Bay, Inflow and Coastal Area (14010102)
Choctawhatchee River Basin (14140103)
Pea River Basin (14030001)
Apalachicola River and Pea River (14030002)
St. Andrews Bay, Inflow and Coastal Area (14010101)
Chipola River Basin (03130012)
Apalachicola River, Above Jim Woodruff Dam (13030101)
Apalachicola Bay Coastal Area and Offshore Islands (13030104)

GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA
N2930 - W8200/30 X 60
1981



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